

# STABILITY OF CLASSES OF MAPPINGS, QUASICONVEX FUNCTIONS, AND NULL LAGRANGIANS

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Let  $n, m, k \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $2 \leq k \leq \min\{n, m\}$ . Consider continuous functions  $F: \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $G: \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  satisfying the following conditions:

- (H1)  $F$  is quasiconvex (in the sense of C. B. Morrey);
  - (H2)  $G$  is a null Lagrangian (a quasilinear function);
  - (H3)  $F$  and  $G$  are positively homogeneous of order  $k$ ;
  - (H4)  $\sup\{K \geq 0 : F(\zeta) \geq KG(\zeta), \zeta \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}\} = 1$ ;
  - (H5)  $c_F = \inf_{\zeta \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, |\zeta|=1} F(\zeta) > 0$ ;
  - (H6)  $\sup_{I=(1 \leq i_1 < \dots < i_k \leq n)} \sum_{J=(1 \leq j_1 < \dots < j_k \leq m)} |\gamma_{JI}| < c_F / \binom{n-1}{k}$  (in the case  $k < n$ ).
- Here the coefficients  $\gamma_{JI} \in \mathbb{R}$  are from the representation

$$G(\zeta) = \sum_{\substack{J=(1 \leq j_1 < \dots < j_k \leq m), \\ I=(1 \leq i_1 < \dots < i_k \leq n)}} \gamma_{JI} \det_{JI} \zeta, \quad \zeta \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n},$$

where  $\det_{JI} \zeta$  is the  $k \times k$  minor  $\det(\zeta_{j_\mu i_\nu})_{\mu, \nu=1, \dots, k}$  of the matrix  $\zeta = (\zeta_{ji})_{j=1, \dots, m, i=1, \dots, n}$ .

Denote by  $\mathfrak{G}(K)$ ,  $K \geq 1$ , the class of solutions  $v \in W_{\text{loc}}^{1,k}(V; \mathbb{R}^m)$ ,  $V$  domains in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , to the partial differential relation  $F(v'(x)) \leq KG(v'(x))$  a.e.

The following stability theorem holds for the class  $\mathfrak{G}(1)$ .

**Theorem.** *Let  $V$  be a domain in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and let  $U \subset V$  be a compact subset in  $V$ . Then there exists a function  $\alpha = \alpha_{F,G,V,U} : [1, K_0) \rightarrow [0, +\infty)$ ,  $\lim_{K \rightarrow 1} \alpha(K) = \alpha(1) = 0$ , such that for every mapping  $v : V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  in the class  $\mathfrak{G}(K)$ ,  $1 \leq K < K_0$ , there is a mapping  $u : V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  in the class  $\mathfrak{G}(1)$  such that  $\|v - u\|_{C(U; \mathbb{R}^m)} \leq \alpha(K) \text{diam } v(V)$ .*

The special case when  $F$  is convex was considered in [1].

## REFERENCES

- [1] Egorov, A. A. Stability of Classes of Solutions to Partial Differential Relations Constructed by Convex and Quasilinear Functions. (Russian). Vodop'yanov, S.K. (ed.), Proceedings on geometry and analysis. International conference-school dedicated to the memory of A. D. Alexandrov (1912–1999), Novosibirsk, Russia, September 9–20, 2002. Novosibirsk: Izdatel'stvo Instituta Matematiki. 275–288 (2003).

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