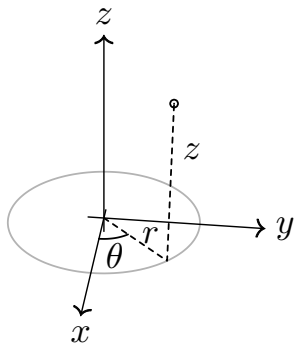


Variabelsubstitution i trippelintegraler

Cylindriska koordinater

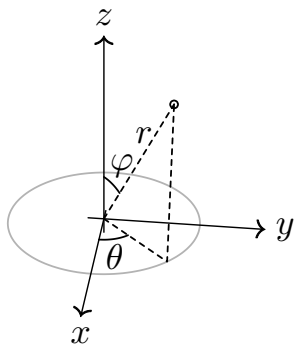


$$\begin{aligned}x &= r \cos \theta \\y &= r \sin \theta \\z &= z\end{aligned}$$

Volymelement

$$dx \, dy \, dz = r \, dr \, d\theta \, dz$$

Sfäriska koordinater



$$\begin{aligned}x &= r \sin \varphi \cos \theta \\y &= r \sin \varphi \sin \theta \\z &= r \cos \varphi\end{aligned}$$

Volymelement

$$dx \, dy \, dz = r^2 \sin \varphi \, dr \, d\varphi \, d\theta$$

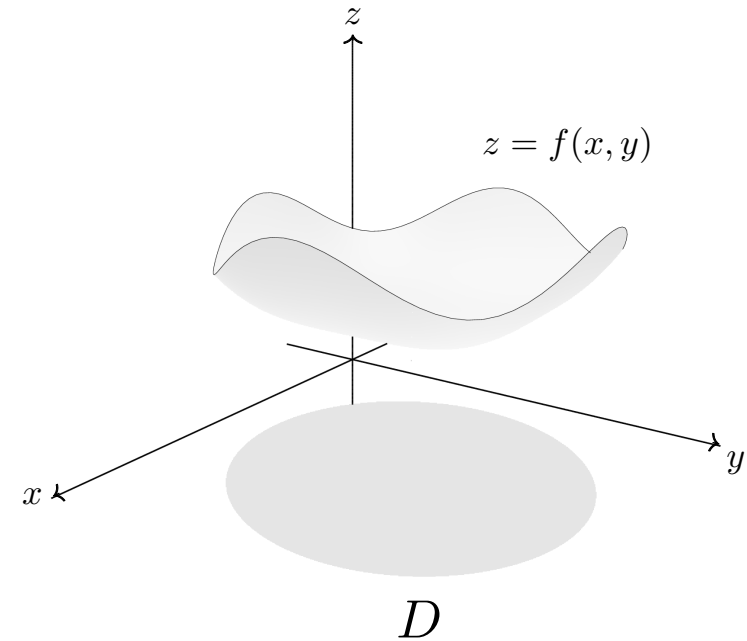
Allmänna koordinater

$$\begin{aligned}x &= x(u, v, w) \\y &= y(u, v, w) \\z &= z(u, v, w)\end{aligned}$$

Volymelement

$$dx \, dy \, dz = \left| \det \frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(u, v, w)} \right| du \, dv \, dw$$

Area av en funktionsyta



Arean av en funktionsyta $z = f(x, y)$ innanför området D i x, y -planet är

$$\text{Area} = \iint_D \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2} \, dx \, dy.$$