

939.c.

$$V = \iint_{R^2} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} \cos(x^2+y^2) dx dy$$

$$|V| \leq \iint_{R^2} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} |\cos(x^2+y^2)| dx dy \leq \iint_{R^2} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_{R^2} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\infty e^{-r^2} r dr dv = 2\pi \int_0^\infty e^{-r^2} r dr \\ &= \pi \left[ -e^{-r^2} \right]_{r=0}^\infty = \pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\iint_{D_{rv}} e^{-r^2} r dr dv = 2\pi \int_0^\infty e^{-r^2} r dr = \pi \left[ -e^{-r^2} \right]_{r=0}^\infty = \pi$$

$$|V| \leq \pi$$

Integralen  $V = \iint_{R^2} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} \cos(x^2+y^2) dx dy$  är konvergent .

$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \iint_{D_{rv}} e^{-r^2} \cos(r^2) r dr dv \\
 \begin{cases} x = r \cos v \\ y = r \sin v \end{cases} & \quad dx dy = r dr dv \\
 D_{rv} &= \{(r, v) : 0 \leq r, 0 \leq v \leq 2\pi\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^\infty e^{-r^2} \cos(r^2) r dr = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} \cos t dt = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} (\cos t + \sin t) dt$$

$$V = \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-t}}{2} (\cos t + \sin t) dt = \frac{1}{2}$$