

```
>> z=randn(1,1000); ← NOISE  $z_t \in N(0,1)$ 
>> y=filter([1],[ 1 -0.6],z); ←  $y_t = 0.6y_{t-1} + z_t$   $\beta = 0.6$ 
>> arkobo=arbootstr(y,1,1000); ← BOOTSTRAP
>> hist(arkobo,100)
>> type arbootstr
```

```
function arkobo=arbootstr(y,p,B)
```

```
arkobo=[];
```

```
fi=yuwaest(y,p); ← YULE-WALKER ESTIMATE
```

```
res=filter([1 -fi],[ 1 ],y); ← RESIDUALS  $\epsilon_t = y_t - \hat{f}_i y_{t-1}$  (Hilbert)
```

```
for i=1:B
```

```
    e=stovelstropp(res); ←  $\epsilon_t^*$ 
```

```
    yboots=filter([1],[ 1 -fi ],e); ←  $b_t^* = \hat{f}_i y_{t-1}^* + \epsilon_t^*$ 
```

```
    arbo=yuwaest(yboots,1); ←  $\hat{f}_i^*$ 
```

```
    arkobo=[arkobo arbo];
```

```
end
```

```
>> std(arkobo)
```

```
ans =
```

```
0.0245
```

```
>> arkobo=arbootstr(y,1,1000);
```

```
>> hist(arkobo,100)
```

```
>> z=rand(1,1000);
```

```
>> y=filter([1],[ 1 -0.2],z);
```

```
>> arkobo=arbootstr(y,1,1000);
```

```
>> hist(arkobo,100)
```

```
>> arkobo=arbootstr(y,1,1000);
```

```
fi =
```

```
0.2841
```

```
>> hist(arkobo,100)
```

```
>> std(arkobo)
```

```
ans =
```

```
0.0302
```

```
>>
```

see pdf for lecture 03/24

UNIFORM NOISE.

TRUE PARAMETER = 0.2 = β

← ESTIMATE OF ALL PARAMETERS β

← SEE FIGURE

HISTOGRAM

$$y_t = 0.2y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t \quad \beta = 0.2$$

$$t = 1, \dots, 1000$$

$$\hat{\beta} = 0.2841$$

$$\hat{\varepsilon}_t = y_t - \hat{\beta}y_{t-1} \quad t = 1, \dots, 1000$$

$$\varepsilon_t^*(b) \text{ BOOTSTRAP } \hat{\varepsilon}_t \quad b = 1, \dots, B$$

$$z_t^* = \hat{\beta}^* z_{t-1}^* + \varepsilon_t^*(b)$$

$$\hat{\beta}^*(b) = \text{YOWRST}(z^*, 1)$$

