

Homework 3, SF2842

Sketch of solutions

1. Omitted.

2.

2.1. True. Since the convex hull of the N points in \mathbb{R}^2 lies inside the disc in this case, and \dot{x}_i for each agent by definition points inwards the convex hull.

2.2. True. Since by the definition of ~~the~~ exact linearization, the linearized system, which is "equivalent" to the original system, is controllable.

3.

3.1. $\alpha \neq 0$. We can apply stability in the first approximation in this case.

3.2. When $\alpha = 0$, we apply center manifold theory. On the center manifold, we have (when $\beta \neq 0$)

$$\dot{w} = \beta w^5 + o(|w|^5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \beta < 0, \text{ asym. stable} \\ \beta > 0, \text{ unstable.} \end{array}$$

$$\beta = 0 \Rightarrow \dot{w} = 0, \text{ stable.}$$

4.

4.1. It is easy to calculate that

$$r=2.$$

We chose $\xi_1 = x_1$, $\xi_2 = 2x_3 - x_1^3$

$$\text{and } z = e^{x_2} \cos(x_3) - 1$$

and the normal form follows.

4.2. The zero dynamics is

$$\dot{z} = -z^3 - z^4$$

asym. stable!

\Rightarrow the system is locally stabilizable.

4.3. Yes. we can, for example, choose

$$\lambda(x) = e^{x_2} \cos(x_3) - 1$$

to show that.