Homework 0: SF2852: Optimal Control Grading: You may hand in the homework and get feedback on your solutions if you hand it in before the exercise session 2.

Problem 1

In the first problem we will compute the dynamics of a linear time-invariant system. Consider the ODE

$$\ddot{y}(t) = 3\dot{y}(t) - 2y(t) + u(t)$$
, where $y(0) = 1, \dot{y}(0) = 0$.

(a) Reduce the system a first order system on the form

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t),$$

where $x(t) \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 1}$, $A \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$, and $B \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times 2}$. For example, you can let $x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} y(t) & \dot{y}(t) \end{pmatrix}^{T}$.

- (b) Determine the initial condition x(0).
- (c) Compute $e^{At} \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$. Use for example the Laplace transform $e^{At} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}((sI A)^{-1})(t)$.
- (d) Compute the solution x(t) (and y(t)) when $u(t) \equiv 1$ by using

$$x(t) = e^{A(t-t_0)}x(t_0) + \int_{t_0}^t e^{A(t-\tau)}Bu(\tau)d\tau.$$

Problem 2

The purpose of this problem is to get acquainted with Matlab and the toolbox CVX, which is useful for solving convex optimization problems. The software package can be downloaded from http://cvxr.com/cvx/.

Consider a system with the scalar dynamics

$$x_{k+1} = x_k + u_k$$
, for $k = 0, 1, \dots, T - 1$,

where we want to track a given trajectory y_k but where we also want to use a low control signal. Here $x_k, y_k, u_k \in \mathbf{R}$. This can, e.g., be posed as the following optimization problem

$$\min_{u_k, x_k} |x_T - y_T|^2 + \sum_{k=0}^{T-1} (|x_k - y_k|^2 + |u_k|^2)$$

subject to $x_{k+1} = x_k + u_k$, for $k = 0, 1, \dots, T-1$,
 $x_0 = 0$.

An implementation of this is provided below.

• Modify the code so that it solves the output feedback problem

$$\min_{u_k, x_k} |Cx_T - y_T|^2 + \sum_{k=0}^{T-1} \left(|Cx_k - y_k|^2 + |u_k|^2 \right)$$

subject to $x_{k+1} = Ax_k + Bu_k$, for $k = 0, 1, \dots, T-1$,
 $x_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$,

where $x_k \in \mathbf{R}^2$ and

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Good luck!

Matlab code

```
% The number of time steps
T=20;
% The time grid
T_grid=(0:T);
% Desired trajectory/Signal
y=sin(0.5*T_grid+pi/4)./(T_grid+2);
cvx_begin
    variable u(1,T)
    variable x(1,T+1)
    % Cost function to be minimized
    minimize( (x-y)*(x-y)' + u*u')
    % Dynamics of the system
    for k=1:T
        x(k+1) == x(k)+u(k);
    end
    % Initial condition
    x(1) == 0
cvx_end;
figure(1)
plot(T_grid, y, T_grid, x, T_grid(1:end-1), u)
legend('Desired trajectory', 'Optimal trajectory', 'Control signal')
```