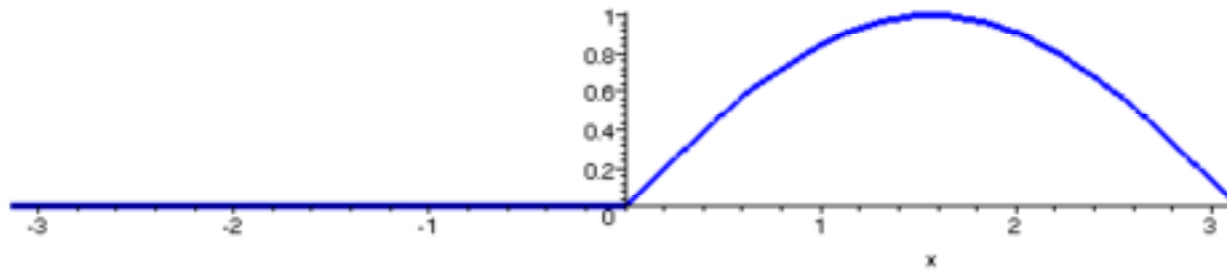


11.2.9.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , -\pi < x < 0 \\ \sin x & , 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 0 + \sin x \cos nx dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} (\sin(n+1)x - \sin(n-1)x) dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{-\cos(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{\cos(n-1)x}{n-1} \right]_0^{\pi} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{1 - \cos(n+1)\pi}{n+1} - \frac{1 - \cos(n-1)\pi}{n-1} \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1 - (-1)^{n+1}}{n+1} - \frac{1 - (-1)^{n+1}}{n-1} =$$

$$= \frac{1 - (-1)^{n+1}}{2\pi} \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n-1} = -\frac{1 + (-1)^n}{\pi(n^2 - 1)}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x dx = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 0 + \int_0^{\pi} \sin x \sin nx dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} (-\cos(n+1)x + \cos(n-1)x) dx =$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{-\sin(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{\sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right) \right]_0^{\pi} = 0$$

$$b_1 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \pi = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f \sim \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1 + (-1)^n}{n} \cos nx$$