

8.2.36.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= 4x + 5y & x &= \begin{matrix} 4 & 5 & x \\ -2 & 6 & y \end{matrix} \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -2x + 6y\end{aligned}$$

$$0 = \begin{vmatrix} 4 - \lambda & 5 \\ -2 & 6 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = (4 - \lambda)(6 - \lambda) + 10 =$$

$$= \lambda^2 - 10\lambda + 34 = (\lambda - 5)^2 + 9$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = 5 \pm 3i$$

Bestäm en komplex egenvektor.

Insättning i  $(\mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I})\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0}$  ger:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 - 5 - 3i & 5 \\ -2 & 6 - 5 - 3i \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{v}_1 = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 - 3i & 5 \\ -2 & 1 - 3i \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{v}_1 = \mathbf{0} \quad \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 3i \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = e^{(5+3i)t} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 3i \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = e^{5t}(\cos 3t + i \sin 3t) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + i \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X}_1 = \operatorname{Re}(\mathbf{Z}) = e^{5t} \left( \begin{array}{cc} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \cos 3t + \left( \begin{array}{cc} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \sin 3t$$

$$\mathbf{X}_2 = \operatorname{Im}(\mathbf{Z}) = e^{5t} \left( \begin{array}{cc} -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{array} \right) \cos 3t + \left( \begin{array}{cc} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \sin 3t$$

$$\mathbf{X}_1 = e^{5t} \frac{\cos 3t + 3 \sin 3t}{2 \cos 3t}$$

$$\mathbf{X}_2 = e^{5t} \frac{\sin 3t - 3 \cos 3t}{2 \sin 3t}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = c_1 e^{5t} \frac{\cos 3t + 3 \sin 3t}{2 \cos 3t} + c_2 e^{5t} \frac{\sin 3t - 3 \cos 3t}{2 \sin 3t}$$