On some large deviation estimates in stochastic optimization problems

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Consider the stochastic optimization problem of the type

$$\min_{x \in X} \{ f(x) = E h(x, \xi_0) \}, \tag{1}$$

where X = [a, b], $\{\xi_i, i \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ the a stationary in the strict sense ergodic random sequence, $h(x, \cdot)$ –some summable in the second variable function with $E|h(x, \xi_0)| < \infty$.

Problem (1) can be approximated by

$$\min_{x \in X} \{ f_n(x) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} h(x, \xi_i) \}.$$
 (2)

The conditions under which the probability of large deviations $f_N(x)$ from f(x) decreases exponentially, are formulated. The proof is based on the results proved in [1,2].

[1] J.-D.Deuschel, D.W.Strook, "Large Deviations", Boston, Academic Press, 1989;

[2] P.S.Knopov, E.J.Kasitskaya, "On large deviations of empirical estimates in stochastic programming problems", Cybernetics and System Analysis, 2004 (in press).

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