

Problem 73# 2.5 Solution

Case $n = 3$:

Assume $x_j > 0$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x_1}{x_2 + x_3} + \frac{x_2}{x_3 + x_1} + \frac{x_3}{x_1 + x_2} \geq \frac{3}{2} \\
 \Leftrightarrow & \frac{2x_1}{x_2 + x_3} + \frac{2x_2}{x_3 + x_1} + \frac{2x_3}{x_1 + x_2} - 3 \geq 0 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & \frac{2x_1 - x_2 - x_3}{x_2 + x_3} + \frac{2x_2 - x_3 - x_1}{x_3 + x_1} + \frac{2x_3 - x_1 - x_2}{x_1 + x_2} \geq 0 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & \frac{x_1 - x_2 + x_1 - x_3}{x_2 + x_3} + \frac{x_2 - x_3 + x_2 - x_1}{x_3 + x_1} + \frac{x_3 - x_1 + x_3 - x_2}{x_1 + x_2} \geq 0 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & (x_3 + x_1)(x_1^2 - x_2^2) + (x_1 + x_2)(x_1^2 - x_3^2) + (x_1 + x_2)(x_2^2 - x_3^2) + \\
 & (x_2 + x_3)(x_2^2 - x_1^2) + (x_2 + x_3)(x_3^2 - x_1^2) + (x_3 + x_2)(x_3^2 - x_1^2) \geq 0 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & (x_1 - x_2)(x_1^2 - x_2^2) + (x_1 - x_3)(x_1^2 - x_3^2) + (x_2 - x_3)(x_2^2 - x_3^2) \geq 0 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & (x_1 - x_2)^2(x_1 + x_2) + (x_1 - x_3)^2(x_1 + x_3) + (x_2 - x_3)^2(x_2 + x_3) \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

which is obvious.

Equality occurs only if $x_1 = x_2 = x_3$.

BE/GJ