

# Convergence and restart of Arnoldi method for eigenvalue problems

SF2524 - Matrix Computations for Large-scale Systems

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\* Illustrate convergence with matlab demo \*

Example of convergence theory of the Arnoldi method for eigenvalue problems:

Theorem (Jia, SIAM J. Matrix. Anal. Appl. 1995)

Let  $Q_n$  and  $H_n$  be generated by the Arnoldi method and suppose  $\lambda_i^{(n)}$  is an eigenvalue of  $H_n$ . Assume that  $\ell_i = 1$  and the associated value  $\|(I - Q_n Q_n^T)x_i\|$  is sufficiently small. Let  $P_i^{(n)}$  be the spectral projector associated with  $\lambda_i^{(n)}$ . Then,

$$|\lambda_i^{(n)} - \lambda_i| \leq \|P_i^{(n)}\| \gamma_n \frac{\|(I - Q_n Q_n^T)x_i\|}{\|Q_n Q_n^T x_i\|} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\|(I - Q_n Q_n^T)x_i\|^2}{\|Q_n Q_n^T x_i\|^2}\right)$$

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The theorem is not a part of the course. In this course we will gain qualitative understanding by bounding

$$\|(I - Q_n Q_n^T)x_i\|.$$