

AREA FORMULA

1st Variation  
Formula  
 $\int \operatorname{div}_M x \, d\mu_M = - \int x \cdot H \, d\mu$

$$\int \nabla^M x^{ij} \cdot \nabla^M \zeta \, d\mu = - \int_M e_{ij} \cdot H \zeta \, d\mu$$

(7) on p. 115

Lemma 21.1 Harmonic Approx Lemma  
If  $\int |\nabla p|^2 \leq 1$ ,  $|\int \nabla f \cdot \nabla \varphi| \leq \delta \sup |\nabla \varphi|$   
Then  $\exists u$  s.t.  $\Delta u = 0$ ,  $\int |\nabla u|^2 \leq 1$   
and  $\int (u-f)^2 \leq \epsilon$

$$|\int \nabla f \cdot \nabla \zeta| \leq \delta$$
$$\leq c \sqrt{\epsilon} E_*^{1/2} \sup |\nabla \zeta|$$

(12) on p. 118

$$\int_{B_{\gamma/2}(\tau)} \operatorname{dist}(x-\tau, S)^2 \, d\mu \leq c E_*$$

(23) on p. 119

$$\Delta u = 0 \text{ in } B_\gamma$$
$$\Rightarrow \sup_{B_\gamma} |u - u(\tau) - \nabla u(\tau) \cdot x| \leq c \gamma^2 \|\nabla u\|_{L^2}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^n(\operatorname{spt} V \setminus \operatorname{graph}(f)) \leq c \lambda^{-2n-2} E$$

$$\mathcal{H}^n(\operatorname{graph}(f) \setminus \operatorname{spt}(u)) \leq c \lambda^{-2n-2} E$$

Thm 23.1  
 $E_*(\zeta, p, \tau) \leq \epsilon \leq \epsilon_0$   
 $\mu^{(0,p)} \leq 2\omega_n \rho^n (1+\delta)$   
 $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \exists u \in C^{1,1-\gamma/p} \\ \operatorname{graph}(u) = V \end{cases}$

Thm 20.2 LIPSCHITZ-APPROX  
If  $E = \int \|p_\nu - p\|^2$   
Then  $\exists f \in C^{0,2}$  s.t.  
 $\operatorname{Lip}(f) \leq \lambda$   
 $\mathcal{H}^n(\operatorname{graph}(f) \setminus \operatorname{spt}(u)) + \mathcal{H}^n(\operatorname{spt}(u) \setminus \operatorname{graph}(f)) \leq c \lambda^{-2n-2} E$

Thm 22.5  
 $E_*(\zeta, \gamma, p, S) \leq \gamma^{2(1-\gamma/p)} E_*(\zeta, p, \tau)$

Lemma 22.2  
 $E(\zeta, p, \tau, T) \leq c(\int \operatorname{dist}(L)^2 + \int H^2)$

1st Variation  
Choose  $X = \zeta^2 X'$

$$|S-T| \leq c E_*$$

(9) on p. 123

$$E_*(\zeta, \gamma, p, T_k) \leq \gamma^{2k(1-\gamma/p)} E_*(\zeta, p, \tau)$$
$$\Rightarrow |T_k - T| \leq \sum E_*(\zeta, \gamma, p) \leq c \sum \gamma^{2j(1-\gamma/p)} \leq c$$

Iteration